



## Sycoparrotia semidecidua



Výška	2-4 m
Šírka	3-5m
Koruna	broad ovoid, dark, dense crown, capricious growing
Kôra a vetvy	brown, grey
Listy	green
Jesenné sfarbenie	Žltá
Kvety	red, flowers in February
Plody	brown
Tríne	Žiadny
Jedovatosť	Zvyčajne nie je jedovaté pre ľudí a väčšie zvieratá
Typ pôdy	clay soil, loamy soil, sandy soil, calcareous soil
Spevnené plochy	Netoleruje spevnené plochy
Zóna odolnosti	7 (-17,7 do -12,3 °C)
Stromy pre zvieratá a hmyz	Plody ako potrava pre vtáctvo
Použitie	stromy do nádob, strešné záhrady
Tvar	Vysokokmeň, Vetvený, Viackmeň

×Sycoparrotia semidecidua arose from a cross between the evergreen Sycopsis sinensis and the deciduous Parrotia persica. The result is a semi-evergreen tree that is evergreen in mild winters. The leaves that fall off in winter turn yellow in autumn. ×Sycoparrotia semidecidua forms a dense, broadly ovoid crown. The dark grey branches bear glossy dark green leaves that are somewhat leathery to the touch. Flowers open very early in spring. In fact, these are bundles where only the red stamens are visible, enclosed by brown petals. As the stamens ripen, the pale yellow pollen becomes visible.

The distinct flowering in early spring and the fact that the tree is semi-evergreen make ×Sycoparrotia semidecidua a standout. The tree has the same requirements as Hamamelis; any sufficiently moist but well-drained neutral to acidic soil will do. The tree can be used in paving and tolerates air pollution.