



Sorbus 'Dodong'



Výška	10 m
Šírka	4-5m
Koruna	ovoid, half-open crown
Kôra a vetvy	twigs brown, bark grey, smooth
Listy	imparipinnate, 20 - 30 cm, with 15 - 17 elongated to narrow ovate leaf segments, glossy dark green, feathered leaf
Jesenné sfarbenie	Oranžová, Červená
Kvety	white, in corymbs, May/June
Plody	orange-red, pear-shaped
Tríne	Žiadny
Jedovatosť	Zvyčajne nie je jedovaté pre ľudí a väčšie zvieratá
Typ pôdy	few requirements, can grow on infertile soils
Pôdna vlhkosť	Vhodné do suchých pôd
Spevnené plochy	Toleruje čiastočné spevnenie
Zóna odolnosti	5 (-28,8 do -23,4 °C)
Odolnosť voči vetru	good
Ostatná odolnosť	Odolné mrazu (WH 1–6), Odolné vetru
Stromy pre zvieratá a hmyz	Odolné mrazu (WH 1–6), Odolné vetru, Plody ako potrava pre vtáctvo
Použitie	bulváre a široké ulice
Tvar	Vysokokmeň, Viackmeň
Pôvod	Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences, Alnarp, Sweden, 1992
Synonymum	Sorbus commixta 'Dodong'

Medium-size tree, initially with narrow oval crown, eventually with an ovoid crown to 10 m tall and 6 to 8 m wide. Twigs are brown, old bark is grey and smooth. The imparipinnate leaves consist of 15 - 17 leaf segments. They are glossy dark green and in autumn turn intensely orange-red to red. In May and June the white flowers appear in wide corymbs. They are followed by more or less pear-shaped, orange-red fruits that remain on the tree until into winter, provided they are not eaten by birds. Healthy tree that was named in a Swedish research programme. The seed from which 'Dodong' was produced was collected in 1976 by a Swedish-Danish expedition to the Korean island of Ullung Do. Dodong is the name of the island's port.