



Ilex 'Nellie R. Stevens'



Výška	6 - 8 m
Šírka	4-5m
Koruna	pyramidal , dark, dense crown
Kôra a vetvy	dark grey-green
Listy	oval to elongated, dark olive green, with 2 - 3 teeth on each side, 5 - 8 cm long and 4 - 5 cm wide, evergreen
Kvety	?, white, inconspicuous, April/May
Plody	orange-red, fleshy drupe, 8 - 10 mm, very numerous
Tríne	Žiadny
Jedovatosť	Má jedovaté časti
Typ pôdy	humic, moist but well-drained soil, tolerates both acidic and calcareous soils
Spevnené plochy	Netoleruje spevnené plochy
Zóna odolnosti	6 (-23,3 do -17,8 °C)
Odolnosť voči vetru	very good
Ostatná odolnosť	Odolné mrazu (WH 1–6), Odolné vetru
Stromy pre zvieratá a hmyz	Odolné mrazu (WH 1–6), Odolné vetru, Plody ako potrava pre vtáctvo
Použitie	stromy do nádob, strešné záhrady, pobrežné zóny, malé záhrady, dvory
Tvar	Vysokokmeň, Viackmeň
Pôvod	G.A. van Lennep, St. Michael, MD, USA, 1954

First-class American cultivar, originating from a cross between *I. cornuta* and *I. aquifolium*. Attractive, healthy leaves and good, tight, regular habit. Because the plant can bear very many fruits, 'Nellie R. Stevens' is one of the most widely used holly cultivars in the USA. Nellie Robinson Stevens was a respected head teacher in Oxford, Maryland. She was also a keen gardener. Around 1900, she collected the seeds from naturally pollinated *I. cornuta* in the U.S. National Arboretum in Washington. Descendants of these seeds grew in the garden of her home, which after her death in 1951 was purchased by the grower Gustav van Lennep. He noticed the plant and introduced it.