



## Celtis sinensis



<b>Výška</b>	15 - 20 m
<b>Šírka</b>	10-15m
<b>Koruna</b>	umbel-shaped to round, half-open crown
<b>Kôra a vetvy</b>	twigs (reddish) brown, bark grey, smooth
<b>Listy</b>	elliptical to ovate, 3 - 10 cm, tip pointed or tapering
<b>Kvety</b>	green, inconspicuous, April/May
<b>Plody</b>	round drupe, green to orange-red or black, 0.5 - 1 cm, single or in clusters of up to three
<b>Trne</b>	Žiadny
<b>Jedovatosť</b>	Zvyčajne nie je jedovaté pre ľudí a väčšie zvieratá
<b>Typ pôdy</b>	well drained soil, tolerates drought
<b>Pôdna vlhkosť</b>	Vhodné do suchých pôd
<b>Spevnené plochy</b>	Toleruje spevnenie
<b>Zóna odolnosti</b>	7a (-17,7 do -15,0 °C)
<b>Odolnosť voči vetru</b>	slightly susceptible
<b>Použitie</b>	priemyselné oblasti
<b>Tvar</b>	Vysokokmeň
<b>Pôvod</b>	Eastern China, Korea, Japan, Taiwan

Unremarkable large tree with a semi-open, umbel-shaped to round crown. As with many *Celtis* varieties, the first-year twigs can be strikingly long. They are brown to reddish brown, sometimes a little hairy. The older bark is smooth and grey. The leaves feel somewhat papery; the margin is toothed/serrated from the middle to the tip. The inconspicuous flower clusters are followed by red drupes. These can vary in colour from green to orange-red or black. Like many *Celtis* varieties, it is a warmth-loving plant that grows noticeably faster in a warm, dry environment than in a cold, wet climate. Prefers well-drained soil. Can tolerate drought and air pollution.