



## Catalpa ×erubescens 'Purpurea'



<b>Výška</b>	10 - 12 (15) m
<b>Šírka</b>	6-10m
<b>Koruna</b>	wide pyramidal, later ovoid to round, half-open crown
<b>Kôra a vetvy</b>	grey, shallow fissured
<b>Listy</b>	heart-shaped, purplish-red, later dark green, 13 - 18 cm
<b>Kvety</b>	white, in large erect panicles, July/August (September)
<b>Plody</b>	thin capsules, to 35 cm long
<b>Trne</b>	Žiadny
<b>Jedovatosť</b>	Zvyčajne nie je jedovaté pre ľudí a väčšie zvieratá
<b>Typ pôdy</b>	few requirements, not in wet soils
<b>Spevnené plochy</b>	Netoleruje spevnené plochy
<b>Zóna odolnosti</b>	6a (-23,3 do -20,6 °C)
<b>Odolnosť voči vetru</b>	moderate to poor
<b>Ostatná odolnosť</b>	Odolné mrazu (WH 1–6)
<b>Stromy pre zvieratá a hmyz</b>	Odolné mrazu (WH 1–6), Cenné pre včely (medonosné)
<b>Tvar</b>	Vysokokmeň, Viackmeň
<b>Pôvod</b>	A. Waterer, England, before 1886

An average-sized tree with a half-open crown, which is pyramidal initially, but later ovoid to round-headed. The hard wood of the twigs breaks easily. The acuminate and entire, ovate leaf appears late in spring and it is dark purplish-red to almost black. Also the young twigs are dark in colour. In summer the leaf turns dark green, it is slightly smaller than of *C. erubescens* and is shed relatively early. The white, tubular flowers are smaller than of *C. bignonioides* and appear in erect, long panicles of 25 to 35 cm. Inside the flowers are yellow and have small brown spots. They are followed by long, capsules that are 1 cm thick at the most. These persist during winter.