



Acer campestre



Výška	circa 12 m
Šírka	7-8m
Koruna	oval, dark, dense crown, capricious growing
Kôra a vetvy	grey bark with conspicuous corky fissures
Listy	3/5 lobes, dark green, 6 - 10 (12)cm
Jesenné sfarbenie	Žltá
Kvety	small, terminal corymbs, yellow-green, May
Plody	single-seed winged nutlets, always paired
Trne	Žiadny
Jedovatosť	Zvyčajne nie je jedovaté pre ľudí a väčšie zvieratá
Typ pôdy	any soil, except dry infertile sandy soil
Pôdna vlhkosť	Odolné voči krátkodobému zaplaveniu
Spevnené plochy	Toleruje čiastočné spevnenie
Zóna odolnosti	5a (-28,8 do -26,1 °C)
Odolnosť voči vetru	very good
Ostatná odolnosť	Odolné mrazu (WH 1–6), Odolné vetru, Odolné posypovej soli
Stromy pre zvieratá a hmyz	Odolné mrazu (WH 1–6), Odolné vetru, Odolné posypovej soli, Cenné pre motýle
Použitie	bulváre a široké ulice, stromy do nádob, strešné záhrady, pobrežné zóny, priemyselné oblasti
Tvar	Vysokokmeň, Vetvený, Viackmeň
Pôvod	Europe, western Asia and North Africa

A medium sized tree up to 12 m high. The crown is a-symmetric because of the irregular growth of the branches. The branches have conspicuous corky fissures, both on mature and young wood. Juvenile foliage may have a reddish look when it unfurls, but soon turns dark green. The colour in autumn is dark yellow and last for a long time. In the Netherlands *Acer campestre* is indigenous and has been used by man for a very long time. Not only as a tree, but also pruned as a hedge this plant is very functional. Because of its shade-tolerance and ability to grow on industrial estates it is a very multi-functional plant. Forms a strongly branching main root with very many rootlets. The plant is propagated by seeding and therefore variations in the off-spring can occur. This is visible because some features (autumn colour, corky fissures on the branches) are present to a more or lesser extent. *Acer campestre* is often used in hedges since it stands up exceptionally well to pruning. But pruning should never be done in the spring because the tree's sap rises early.