



## Ulmus parvifolia



<b>Výška</b>	8 - 15 m
<b>Šírka</b>	10-15m
<b>Koruna</b>	round, dark, dense crown, capricious growing
<b>Kôra a vetvy</b>	twigs glossy grey-brown, bark brown-grey, peeling in small platelets
<b>Listy</b>	ovate, oval to obovate, slightly crooked, glossy dark green, 2 - 6 cm
<b>Kvety</b>	in dense clusters, green, September
<b>Plody</b>	flat winged nutlets, oval, green slightly red hue
<b>Tríne</b>	Žiadny
<b>Jedovatosť</b>	Zvyčajne nie je jedovaté pre ľudí a väčšie zvieratá
<b>Typ pôdy</b>	fertile, moist and airy, tolerates limy soil
<b>Pôdna vlhkosť</b>	Vhodné do suchých pôd, Odolné voči krátkodobému zaplaveniu
<b>Spevnené plochy</b>	Toleruje spevnenie
<b>Zóna odolnosti</b>	6a (-23,3 do -20,6 °C)
<b>Odolnosť voči vetru</b>	fairly to good
<b>Ostatná odolnosť</b>	Odolné mrazu (WH 1–6), Odolné vetru
<b>Použitie</b>	bulváre a široké ulice, priemyselné oblasti
<b>Tvar</b>	Vysokokmeň, Viackmeň
<b>Pôvod</b>	Japan, Korea, China

A graceful, medium-size tree with a dense round crown. The tree usually grows to 8 - 15 m but in exceptional cases it can reach 18 m tall. The young twigs are glossy brown and slightly hairy, but rapidly become hairless. The old bark is brown-grey and peels off in small plates revealing the orange bast. The leaves are fairly small and glossy dark green. In southern regions of origin, the tree is almost evergreen but in a temperate climate always deciduous. The foliage falls in late autumn and takes on hardly any or no autumn colours. The tree blossoms in September with clusters of inconspicuous green flowers, followed by winged seeds. Its resistance to Dutch elm disease makes it worth considering as a park and avenue tree. It has a great adaptability to various soil types, tolerates a lot of warmth and is wind resistant.