



Ulmus minor



Výška	20 - 30 m, fast growing
Šírka	12-15m
Koruna	broad fan-shaped to broad oval, half-open crown, capricious growing
Kôra a vetvy	has brownish-grey grooves, flakes off in platelets, twigs brown
Listy	oval-elongated to obovate, glossy green, 5 - 10 cm
Kvety	in very dense bundles, purplish-red, March, before the leaves emerge
Plody	winged nutlet, 1.5 - 2 cm
Tríne	Žiadny
Jedovatosť	Zvyčajne nie je jedovaté pre ľudí a väčšie zvieratá
Typ pôdy	moist and light, favours calcareous soils
Pôdna vlhkosť	Vhodné do vlhkých pôd, Odolné voči krátkodobému zaplaveniu, Odolné voči dlhodobému zaplaveniu
Spevnené plochy	Netoleruje spevnené plochy
Zóna odolnosti	5 (-28,8 do -23,4 °C)
Odolnosť voči vetru	very good, also tolerates sea wind
Ostatná odolnosť	Odolné mrazu (WH 1–6), Odolné vetru
Stromy pre zvieratá a hmyz	Odolné mrazu (WH 1–6), Odolné vetru, Cenné pre motýle
Použitie	bulváre a široké ulice, pobrežné zóny, priemyselné oblasti
Tvar	Vysokokmeň, Viackmeň
Pôvod	western Europe, north Africa, south-west Asia
Synonymum	Ulmus carpinifolia, Ulmus campestris

Fast-growing tall tree with a dense crown and a variable manner of growth, from broad fan-shaped to broad oval. Occasionally a cork layer occurs on the bare twigs. The leaves are oval-elongated to obovate, widest in or above the centre. On the upper side they are smooth and glossy green, on the underside practically bare. The foot of the leaf covers one side of the short stalk, a characteristic of elm leaves. The leaf edge is double-serrated. The flowers grow in very dense bundles of 15 to 30 together. They appear before the leaves emerge and are purplish-red. The winged fruits are also often present before the emergence of the leaves; the fruits are then still green but later turn brown. It is fairly badly sensitive to Dutch elm disease. Ulmus minor used to be planted a great deal but is very little cultivated at present.