



## Tilia mongolica



<b>Výška</b>	6 - 8 (15) m
<b>Šírka</b>	5-7m
<b>Koruna</b>	broad ovoid, half-open crown
<b>Kôra a vetvy</b>	greyish brown, smooth, later grooved, reddish brown, bare twigs
<b>Listy</b>	heart-shaped, often with 3 to 5 shallow lobes, dark green, 4 - 7 cm
<b>Jesenné sfarbenie</b>	Žltá
<b>Kvety</b>	in pendulous umbels, 6 - 20 (30) together, pale yellow, June/July, fragrant flowers
<b>Plody</b>	ovoid, Ø 0.6 cm, felt-like hair
<b>Trne</b>	Žiadny
<b>Jedovatosť</b>	Zvyčajne nie je jedovaté pre ľudí a väčšie zvieratá
<b>Typ pôdy</b>	all
<b>Spevnené plochy</b>	Netoleruje spevnené plochy
<b>Zóna odolnosti</b>	5a (-28,8 do -26,1 °C)
<b>Odolnosť voči vetru</b>	good
<b>Ostatná odolnosť</b>	Odolné mrazu (WH 1–6), Odolné vetru
<b>Stromy pre zvieratá a hmyz</b>	Odolné mrazu (WH 1–6), Odolné vetru, Cenné pre motýle
<b>Použitie</b>	malé záhrady
<b>Tvar</b>	Vysokokmeň, Viackmeň
<b>Pôvod</b>	Mongolia, Northern China and parts of Siberia

T. mongolica is rarely cultivated, but when it is it forms a small, decorative tree with a maximum height of 8 - 10 m. Its trunk is greyish brown and stays smooth a long time. Young twigs are thin and bare, and turn reddish brown and pendulous when mature. The leaf buds are also reddish brown. In the spring, the leaves emerge with a reddish colour that later turns glossy green. The leaves are greyish green on the underside. The heart-shaped leaves often have 3 to 5 lobes with a sharply tapered top and a broad, heart-shaped base. The roughly, irregularly serrated leaf edge with its triangular teeth is remarkable. After a hot summer, T. mongolica often turns a lovely yellow colour in the autumn. In the colder regions of Europe, this linden can have disappointing flowering. The short-stemmed bract is approx. 5 cm long.