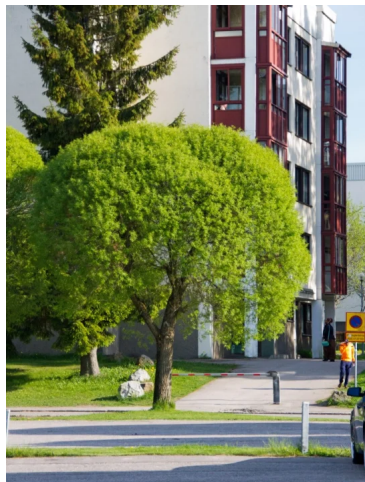




Salix fragilis 'Bullata'



Výška	4 - 6 m, slow growing
Šírka	2-4m
Koruna	flat-topped spherical, dark, dense crown
Kôra a vetvy	twigs pale yellow-green, bark grey, grooved
Listy	lanceolate, glossy dark green, 5 - 12 cm
Kvety	elongated, ♂ and ♀ catkins, yellow-green, 3 - 6 cm, April/May
Plody	catkins, approx. 4 - 6 cm long
Tárne	Žiadny
Jedovatosť	Zvyčajne nie je jedovaté pre ľudí a väčšie zvieratá
Typ pôdy	few requirements, tolerates wet to marshy soil
Pôdna vlhkosť	Vhodné do vlhkých pôd, Odolné voči krátkodobému zaplaveniu, Odolné voči dlhodobému zaplaveniu
Spevnené plochy	Toleruje čiastočné spevnenie
Zóna odolnosti	5 (-28,8 do -23,4 °C)
Odolnosť voči vetru	good
Ostatná odolnosť	Odolné mrazu (WH 1–6), Odolné vetru
Stromy pre zvieratá a hmyz	Odolné mrazu (WH 1–6), Odolné vetru, Cenné pre motýle
Použitie	bulváre a široké ulice
Tvar	Vysokokmeň, Viackmeň
Pôvod	Sweden, ca. 1785

Old cultivar, found in the wild in Sweden in late eighteenth century. Grows significantly less vigorously than the species. Forms a dense, flat-topped, spherical crown up to 4 to 6 m tall. After many years the crown will spread to 5 to 9 m. In practice 'Bullata' is top grafted and creating a round-crowned tree. Like the species the twigs break easily. The lanceolate leaves have long pointed tips, they are slightly smaller than the species and also glossy dark green. The blossom and fruits are the same as the species. Grows on almost any soil, including infertile. Tolerates wet to marshy soil. This makes the tree suitable for use in wadis or on river banks. Its crown shape also means it is suitable for use in an urban environment.