



Fraxinus angustifolia 'Raywood'



Výška	15 - 20 m
Šírka	8-12m
Koruna	wide ovoid to round, half-open crown
Kôra a vetvy	at a mature age deeply furrowed
Listy	odd-pinnate, 9 - 13 leaflets, deep green, 15 - 25 cm, feathered leaf
Jesenné sfarbenie	Oranžová, Červená, Fialová
Kvety	inconspicuous yellow green, in small panicles, April
Plody	none, fruitless cultivar
Trne	Žiadny
Jedovatosť	Zvyčajne nie je jedovaté pre ľudí a väčšie zvieratá
Typ pôdy	not too rich in connection with growth rate
Pôdna vlhkosť	Vhodné do suchých pôd, Vhodné do vlhkých pôd
Spevnené plochy	Toleruje spevnenie
Zóna odolnosti	6a (-23,3 do -20,6 °C)
Odolnosť voči vetru	poor in the case of a rapid growth
Ostatná odolnosť	Odolné mrazu (WH 1–6), Odolné posypovej soli
Použitie	bulváre a široké ulice
Tvar	Vysokokmeň, Viackmeň
Pôvod	Australia, 1920
Synonymum	Fraxinus a. 'Flame', Fraxinus a. wollastonii

Healthy, but not strongly growing selection with a slightly irregular crown. *F. angustifolia* 'Flame' and 'Wollastonii' are identical to 'Raywood' and can be considered to be synonyms. The main branch grows straight and the structural branches grow diagonally upwards. The bark is grey and at a mature age deeply furrowed, twigs turn from olive green to grey green. 'Raywood' has a closed crown when young, mature trees become half open. The shiny, deep-green leaf consists of 9 - 13 narrow leaflets. These are circa 5 - 10 cm long. In autumn the leaf turns aurantiaceous to deep purple red. In warmer soils and in a hot autumn the autumn colour is much more intense. After the inconspicuous bloom there are no fruits. In fertile soils the growth is often more rapid than in poor soils. Breakage of the branches can be the consequence.