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Acer saccharinum



Výška	20 - 25 (35) m, fast growing
Šírka	14-20m
Koruna	oval to round, half-open crown
Kôra a vetvy	grey and smooth
Listy	5-lobed, bright green, 10 -15 cm
Jesenné sfarbenie	Žltá
Kvety	yellow-green, non-conspicuous clusters, March
Plody	winged nutlets, 4 - 5 cm long
Tŕne	Žiadny
Jedovatosť	Zvyčajne nie je jedovaté pre ľudí a väčšie zvieratá
Typ pôdy	both wet and dry soil, tolerates hard surfaces
Pôdna vlhkosť	Odolné voči krátkodobému zaplaveniu, Odolné voči dlhodobému zaplaveniu
Spevnené plochy	Toleruje čiastočné spevnenie
Zóna odolnosti	4 (-34,4 do -28,9 °C)
Odolnosť voči vetru	moderate to poor
Ostatná odolnosť	Odolné mrazu (WH 1–6)
Stromy pre zvieratá a hmyz	Odolné mrazu (WH 1–6), Cenné pre včely (medonosné)
Použitie	bulváre a široké ulice, priemyselné oblasti
Tvar	Vysokokmeň, Viackmeň
Pôvod	central and eastern North America
Synonymum	Acer dasycarpum

Large, stately growing tree with an undulating crown due to its slightly hanging branches. Growing to an above-average height with open branching. In its original habitat in North America there are specimen of 35 m. The leaf is deeply lobed and is 5-lobed to 5-foliate. The colour is green with a grey white underside. The leaf stalk is red. In autumn the leaf usually turns yellow. Some leaves often turn orange to red creating a decorative effect. The flowers emerge before the leaves unfurl. It has a shallow root system with strongly branching roots and many fibrous rootlets. The main roots may push up hard surfaces. Is tolerant to moist soil and therefore multi-functional. Often applied as a street tree, but, due to branches breaking easily, caused by wind, it is now increasingly applied as a park tree. Acer saccharinum grows in its natural habitat close to rivers and marshes. But the tree can also grow on drier sites.