



Chamaecyparis lawsoniana



Výška	15 - 40 (60) m
Šírka	8-15m
Koruna	(narrow) pyramidal, dark, dense crown
Kôra a vetvy	reddish brown bark with flaking plates, flat brown twigs
Listy	pointed scales, blue-green, evergreen
Kvety	unremarkable, male flowers are rose red, fragrant flowers
Plody	round, reddish brown cones, 0.8 cm, in small clusters
Tríne	Žiadny
Jedovatosť	Má jedovaté časti
Typ pôdy	well-permeable, humus-rich, not calcareous
Spevnené plochy	Netoleruje spevnené plochy
Zóna odolnosti	7a (-17,7 do -15,0 °C)
Odolnosť voči vetru	good
Ostatná odolnosť	Odolné vetru
Použitie	priemyselné oblasti
Tvar	Vzorový ihličnan, Ihličnan na živý plot
Pôvod	north-western USA (south-western Oregon and California)

This species grows to become a large, pyramidal tree with pendulous top shoots. Old specimens have spread-out branches, broadening the tree. In its natural habitat, it sometimes reaches heights of 60 m and is a significant source of timber there. Both this species and its many cultivars are grown as hedges. This species is also excellently suited for shaped clipping. However, it must not be clipped all the way back to the old wood because the branches will then no longer grow. The species is often used as a scion stock for the many cultivars. The cultivars include both miniatures and tall, straight plants with an enormous diversity of colour, ranging from grey, blue and yellow hues. Including the cultivars, Chamaecyparis lawsoniana is the most commonly planted species of conifer.