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Cedrus deodara



Výška	15 - 20 (30) m, 50 - 70 m in region of origin, fast growing
Šírka	10-15m
Koruna	broad pyramidal when young, later broad, flattened, corymbose, dark, dense crown
Kôra a vetvy	first grey and smooth, later becoming rough
Listy	needles in bundles, dark bluish green, 2.5 - 5 cm , evergreen
Kvety	unremarkable, fragrant flowers
Plody	reddish brown cones, 8 - 12 cm, 1 to 2 together
Tŕne	Žiadny
Jedovatosť	Zvyčajne nie je jedovaté pre ľudí a väčšie zvieratá
Typ pôdy	nutrient-rich, well-permeable, acidic soils
Spevnené plochy	Netoleruje spevnené plochy
Zóna odolnosti	7b (-14,9 do -12,3 °C)
Odolnosť voči vetru	moderate
Použitie	bulváre a široké ulice, priemyselné oblasti
Tvar	Vysokokmeň, Viackmeň, Vyvetvený ihličnan, Vzorový ihličnan
Pôvod	Himalayan mountains

Fast-growing tree that has one main trunk that grows straight with later branches and pendulous twigs at the end. As a result, the tree, particularly young ones, develops a decorative crown shape that is at first broad and pyramidal, but later flattens out as it grows. In the Himalayas, its natural habitat, the tree can grow to heights of 60 - 70 m. In England, it grows to approximately 30 m, and on the continent no higher than 20 m. The needles grow in groups, with up to 30 bundled together. They are slightly curved, dark blue-green and longer than other Cedar species. The ovoid, upright cones grow singly or in pairs and have a round top. Saplings are particularly sensitive to frost, requiring a sunny site sheltered from wind. Cedrus deodara does not thrive well in high-pH soils.